

**Question:** *Refractive index.*

The refractive index  $n(\omega)$  describes the propagation of light through matter. In particular, for dielectric materials,  $n(\omega) = c/v(\omega)$  where  $v(\omega)$  is the phase velocity of the light at frequency  $\omega$ . A gas of atoms seems like it should be a reasonably dielectric medium. Certainly if the light is far from an atomic resonance, the light picks up a phase from each atom and thus is properly described by a refractive index. (Why?) But what about on or near resonance – *isn't light absorbed and how can this be described by a refractive index?*